

### Planning your courses: Blended learning activities and assessments May 2023 **McGill**





Teaching and Learning Services

This session is being recorded

This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-Non-Commercial 4.0 International License.





Even meeting in a virtual environment, we would like to acknowledge the Indigenous Peoples of all the lands that we may be separately on today. We do this to reaffirm our commitment to and responsibility for improving relationships among nations, and to improving our own understanding of local Indigenous peoples—the Haudenosaunee and the Anishinabeg—and cultures.

(Inspired by <u>A guide to acknowledging First Peoples and</u> <u>traditional land</u>.)

## Expectations have changed

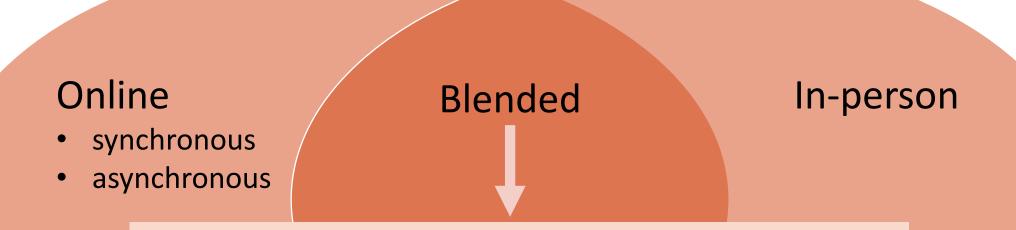
### Teaching During a Pandemic

Spring Transition, Fall Continuation, Winter Evaluation

- Many instructors made changes to their teaching and will keep them post-pandemic.
- Majority of instructors more optimistic about online learning.
- Flexibility is a key principle moving forward.

Nicole Johnson, PhD Jeff Seaman, PhD George Veletsianos, PhD (2021)

## Teaching and learning context

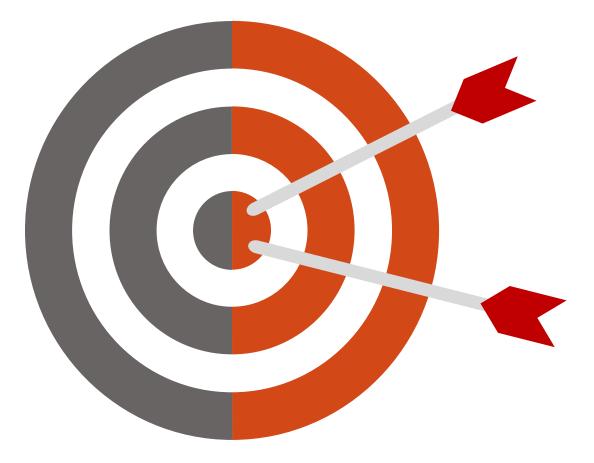


- Teaching and learning activities are a combination of online and in-person course components
- Design decisions maximize benefits of both
- Faculty decision (check with Associate Dean, Academic)

## Watch for a poll on your screen

Have you ever taught a course with a blend of online and in-person learning activities?

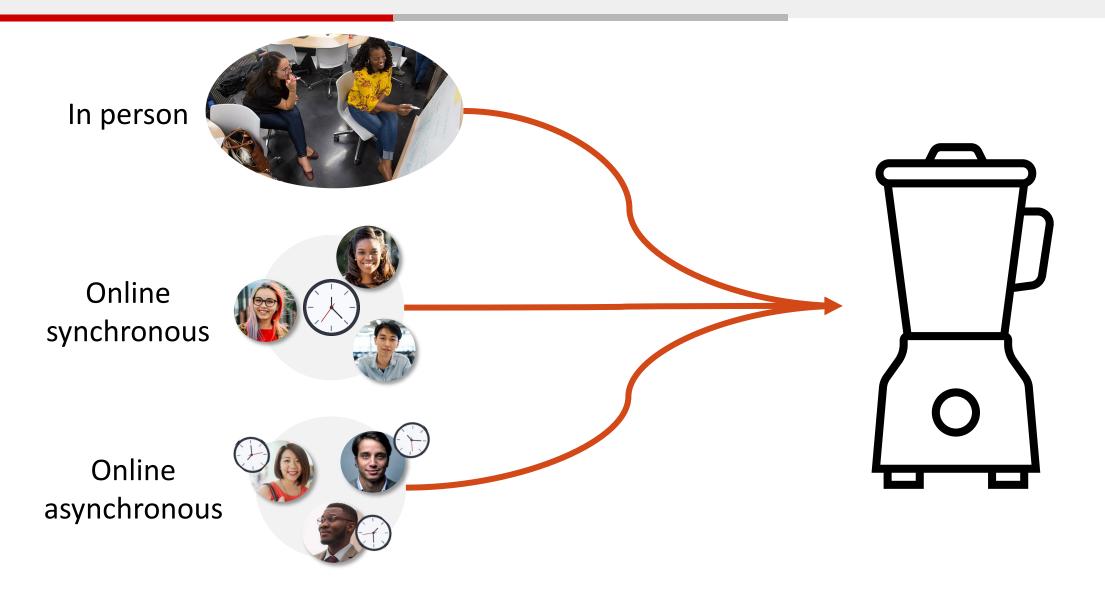
### Session outcomes



**Determine** which components of your course should be in person and which should be online

**Identify** the assessment sweet spot in your course

## Blending activities



## Example of blended: Prehistoric Archaeology (ANTH-201)

Objective	Activity	Activity Setting	Tools used	Assessment	Assessment Setting
Critically evaluate sources of archaeological information in popular media	Read assigned articles, watch pre-recorded lectures with feedback	Online asynchronous	myCourses Content and Quiz	<ol> <li>Popular Archaeology critique midterm</li> <li>Popular Archaeology Peer Review</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Essay submitted via myCourses Assignments</li> <li>Peer review submitted via peer assessment tool</li> </ol>
	Attend a guest lecture about contemporary archaeology	Online synchronous	Zoom		
	Identify examples of archaeology in media that capture concepts from the lecture	In person	Small group discussion / whiteboards		
	Share your critique online for peer review	Online asynchronous	Peer assessment tool		

## Example of blended

	Objective	Activity	Activity Setting	Tools used	Assessment	Assessment Setting
Given Pythagorean theory, learners will design a skateboard ramp for a specific area	Read chapter, watch skateboard videos	Online asynchronous	myCourses Content	<ol> <li>Develop proposal</li> <li>Complete</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Presented in person</li> <li>Submitted via</li> </ol>	
	Solve word problems					
	for a specific area	Share ramp designs with peer	Online synchronous	Zoom with peer	design	myCourses Assignments
		Provide peer feedback on design	Online asynchronous	Peer assessment tool		
		Share final designs for feedback	In person	Classroom projector		

(Adapted from McGee & Reis, 2012, p. 12)

# Questions to guide decision-making

### Sound pedagogy

1.What course content is likely to generate a lot of questions and require extensive explanation?

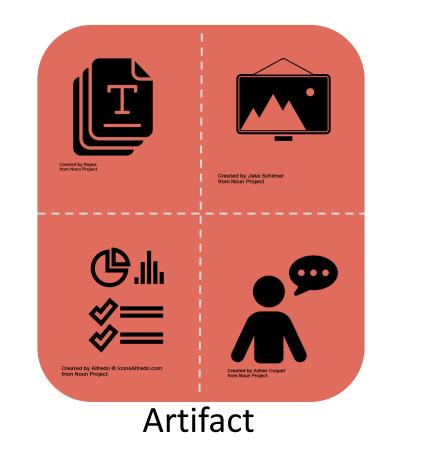
2.Which learning activities benefit from interaction with me? With peers?

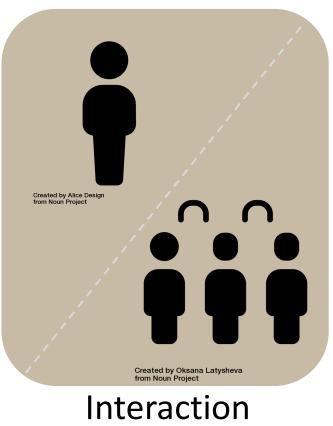
### Wellness

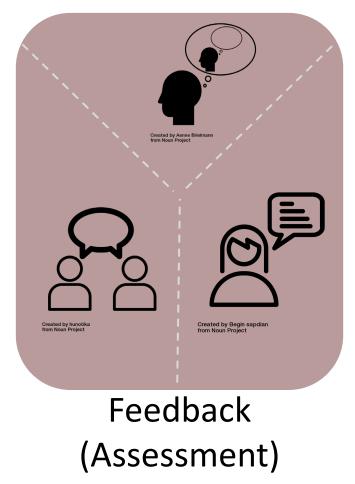
1.How much time do I have available to plan my course(s)?

2.How can I design a course that has a manageable workload for both my students and me?

## Demonstrate learning in a variety of ways





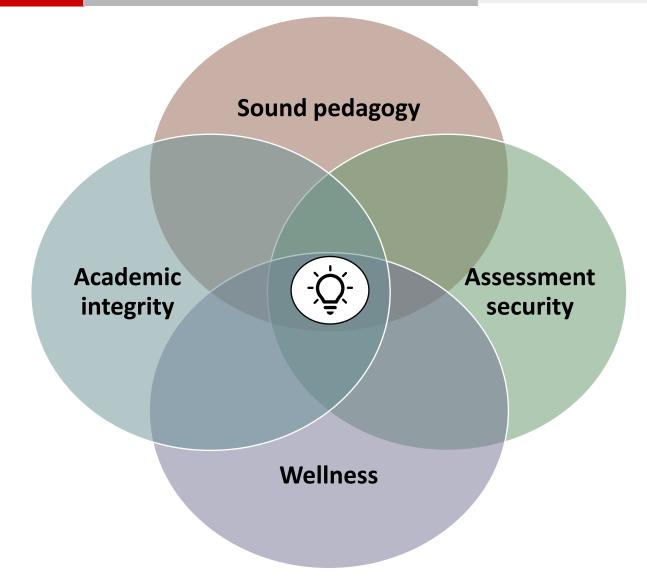


(Fenwick & Parsons, 2000; Suskie, 2018)

## Blending assessments

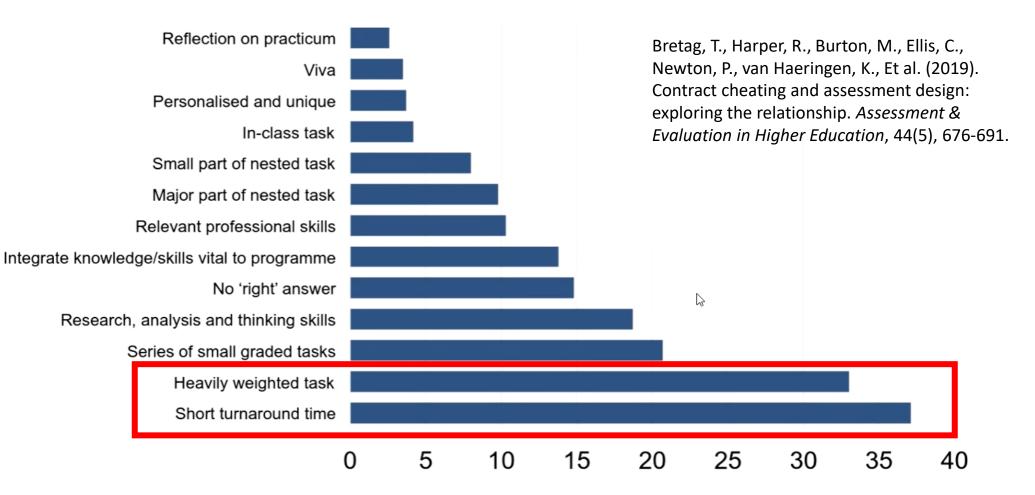


### Designing assessments: Look for the sweet spot

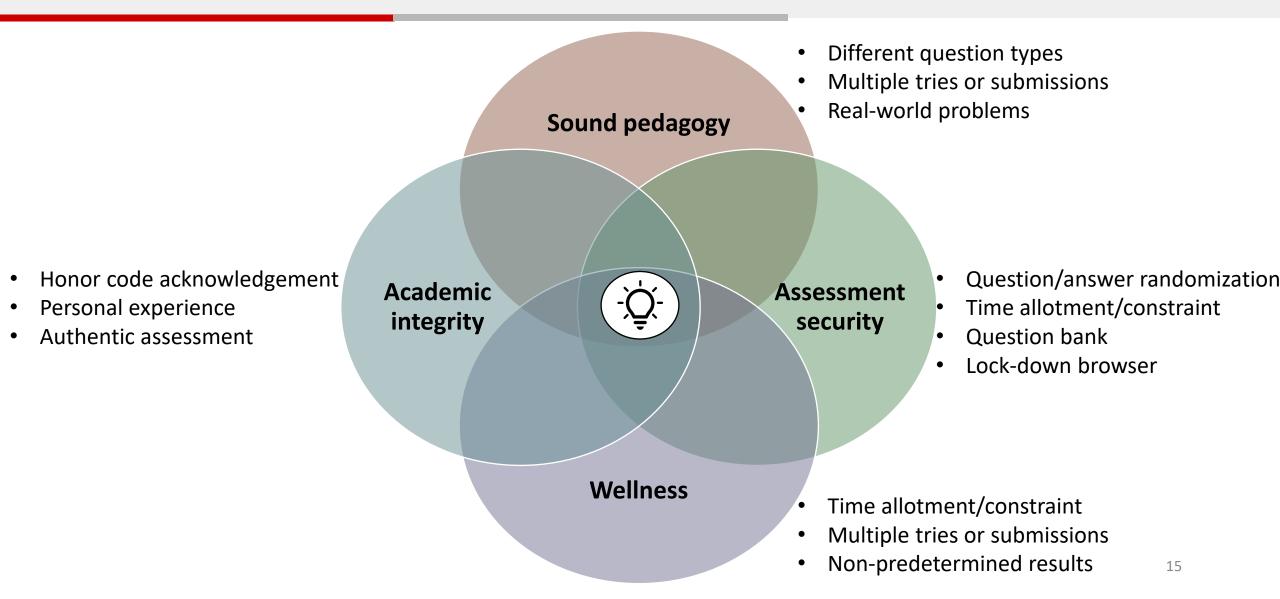


# Supporting academic integrity: Considerations

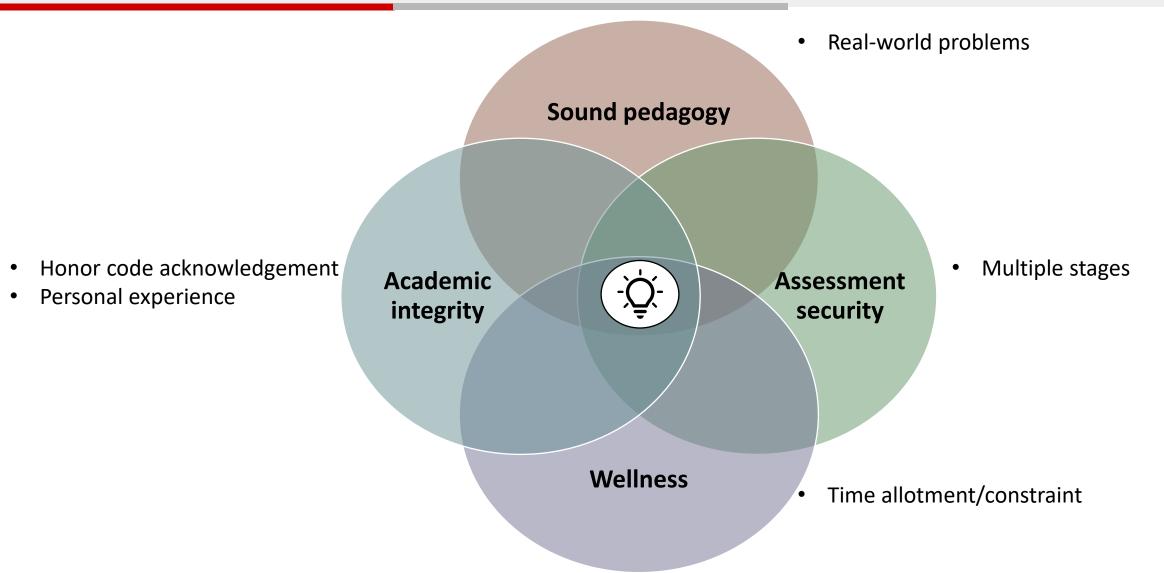
Students' perceptions of the likelihood of contract cheating (%)



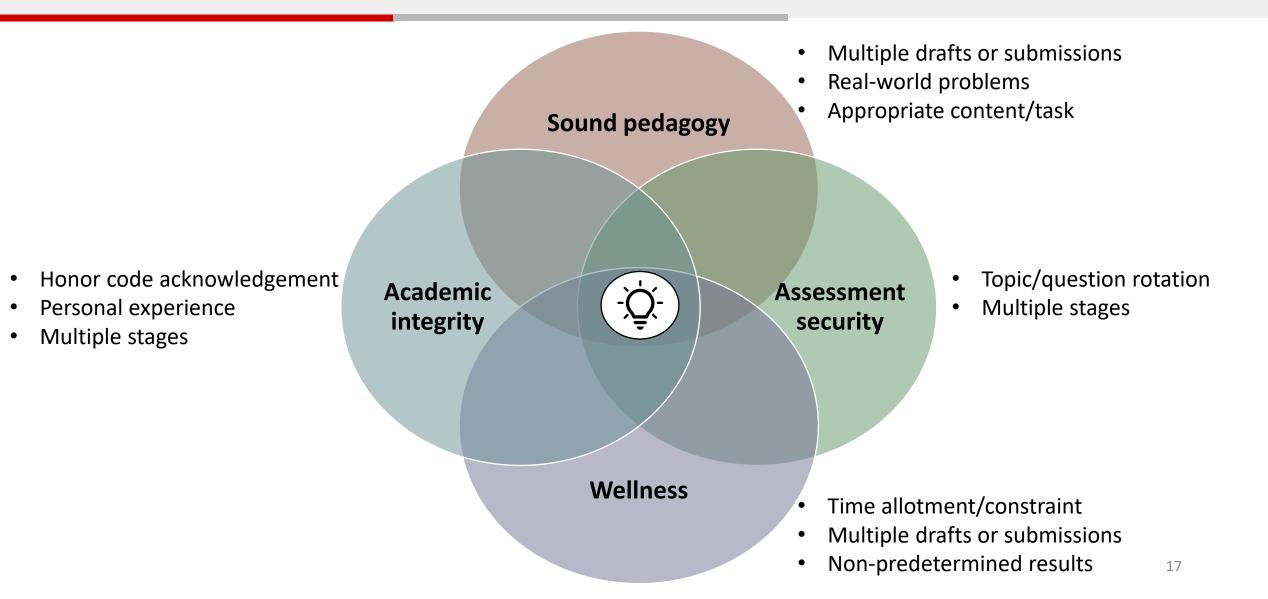
# Example: Online exam (quiz)



## Example: Essay



## Example: Essay



# Questions to guide decision-making

#### Sound pedagogy

- 1. What course content is likely to generate a lot of questions and require extensive explanation?
- 2. Which learning activities benefit from interaction with me? With peers?

#### Wellness

- 1. How much time do I have available to plan my course(s)?
- 2. How can I design a course that has a manageable workload for both my students and me?

#### Academic integrity

- 1. How well do students understand what academic integrity is in my discipline and why it matters?
- 2. How able are students at implementing appropriate citation practices in my discipline?

#### Assessment security

- 1. Which technology strategies (e.g., randomizing quiz/exam questions) should I consider implementing for securing assessments?
- 2. How can I implement a multi-stage assessment where students demonstrate knowledge/skills development over time?

### Blended learning activities

### and assessments planner

EXAMPLE						
Objective	Activity	Activity Setting	Tools	Assessment	Assessment Setting	
Critically evaluate sources of	Read assigned articles, watch pre- recorded lectures with feedback	Online asynchronous	myCourses Content and Quiz	1. Popular Archaeology critique midterm 2. Popular Archaeology Peer Review	<ol> <li>Essay submitted via myCourses Assignments</li> <li>Peer review submitted via peer assessment tool</li> </ol>	
archaeological information in popular media	Attend a guest lecture about contemporary archaeology	Online synchronous	Zoom			
media	Identify examples of archaeology in media that capture concepts from the lecture	In person	Small group discussion / whiteboards			
	Share your critique online for peer review	Online asynchronous	Peer assessment tool		(K. Kotar, 2021)	

#### START FILLING IN YOUR PLANNER HERE:

#### Course name and code:

Objective	Activity	Activity Setting	Tools used	Assessment	Assessment Setting

# Higher ed approaches to generative AI tools

#### Instructional

Create assessments to incorporate AI tools or make reliance on AI tools alone impossible

- How can AI writing tools be used to support learning?
- How can assessments be designed so that AI tools are not useful?
- How should citation practices change to adapt to AI tools?

#### Disciplinary

Stay ahead of the technology to ask questions AI tools have a hard time answering

- How can we outwit the AI generated tools?
- Can we implement tools that can detect content that is AI generated?

#### **Resources:**

- Learning with AI: Exploring the Potential of Generative Tech Tutorial <u>https://www.eduflow.com/academy/learning-with-ai-exploring-the-potential-of-generative-tech</u>
- Watkins, R. (2022, December 18). Update your course syllabus for chatGPT. *Medium*. <u>https://medium.com/@rwatkins\_7167/updating-your-course-syllabus-for-chatgpt-965f4b57b003</u>



### Type responses in the chat

What is one thing from today's webinar that you plan to act on when preparing your courses?

### Next steps





### Register for upcoming sessions www.mcgill.ca/tls/events

#### **Access resources**

www.mcgill.ca/teachingkb www.mcgill.ca/tls teachingblog.mcgill.ca

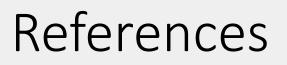


### **Connect with colleagues**



Book a consultation with TLS

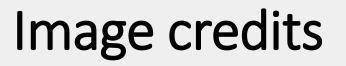
http://www.mcgill.ca/tls/contact/consultations





Fenwick, T., & Parsons, J. (2000). *The art of evaluation: A handbook for educators and trainers*. Thompson Educational Publishing, Inc.

- International Centre for Academic Integrity. (2021). *The fundamental values of academic integrity*, (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.). <u>https://academicintegrity.org/images/pdfs/20019\_ICAI-Fundamental-</u> <u>Values\_R12.pdf</u>
- Johnson, N., Seaman, J., & Veletsianos, G. (2021). *Teaching during a pandemic: spring transition, fall continuation, winter evaluation*. Bay View Analytics. https://www.bayviewanalytics.com/reports/teachingduringapandemic.pdf
- McGee, P., & Reis, A. (2012). Blended course design: A synthesis of best practices. *Journal of Asynchronous Learning Networks*, 16(4), 7-22. <u>https://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/EJ982678.pdf</u>
- Suskie, L. (2018). Assessing student learning: A common sense guide. John Wiley & Sons. http://ebookcentral.proquest.com/lib/mcgill/detail.action?docID=5215462

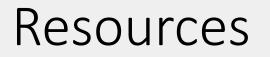




Content by LUTFI GANI AL ACHMAD, ID in the business 1 Collection

<u>Pyramid</u> by <u>Creative Stall</u>, PK Company values by <u>Weltenraser</u> in the <u>Business</u> <u>ethics and values & code of conduct Collection</u>

<u>Variety</u> by <u>Tippawan Sookruay</u>, TH





Concordia University, Centre for Teaching and Learning. (2021). When to use asynchronous/synchronous learning.

https://www.concordia.ca/content/dam/concordia/offices/ctl/docs/resourcces/synch-asynchinfo.pdf

- Joosten, T., Weber, N., Baker, M., Schletzbaum, A., & McGuire, A. (2021). *Planning for a blended future: A research-driven guide for educators*. [Report] Every Learner Everywhere Network. Retrieved from: <u>https://www.everylearnereverywhere.org/resources/</u>
- Linder, K. E. (2016). *The blended course design workbook: A practical guide*. Stylus Publishing, LLC. <u>https://mcgill.on.worldcat.org/oclc/963662095</u>
- Rutgers University, see Special advice for open-book assessment in quantitative courses <u>https://sasoue.rutgers.edu/teaching-learning/remote-exams-assessment#special-advice-for-open-book-assessment-in-quantitative-courses</u>
- Stein, J., & Graham, C. R. (2020). Essentials for blended learning: A standards-based guide (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Essentials of online learning series. Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group. <u>https://mcgill.on.worldcat.org/oclc/1128890815</u>